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- Reg. 7. Communicable diseases.—Whenever a room in any hotel has been occupied by a guest ill with a communicable disease, it shall be thoroughly fumigated and disinfected in accordance with the rules of the State board of health, before being occupied by another guest.
- Reg. 8. Premises.—All premises connected with, or used by, any hotel or restaurant shall be kept in a sanitary condition, and it shall be the duty of the local or county health officer, either upon his own initiative or upon the complaint of any citizen, to take such action as may be necessary to abate any nuisance, source of filth, or cause of sickness existing on the premises.
- Reg. 9. General provisions.—(a) The use of the common drinking cup is prohibited in all hotels, restaurants, lodging houses, and other public places.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to sweep, or permit sweeping in hotels, restaurants, and other public places where the public is invited, unless the floor is first sprinkled with water, moist sawdust, or other substance to prevent the raising of dust. When vacuum cleaners or properly filled reservoir dustless brushes are used the sprinkling or use of moist sawdust is not required.
- (c) All floors and interior woodwork in hotels and restaurants shall be cleaned as often as may be necessary to keep them in a sanitary condition.
- (d) All cuspidors, wherever used, must be cleaned daily and kept free from odor. Reg. 10. No room infested with bedbugs or vermin of any kind shall be rented to any guest for sleeping purposes.
- Reg. 11. Inspections.—All hotels, restaurants, and lunch counters must be inspected each month by local or county health officers, or his deputy, and when inspected must be scored according to the score card, which is a part of these regulations.

When the score of any hotel, restaurant, or lunch counter falls below 70, but reaches 60 or more, the owner or lessee of such hotel, restaurant, or lunch counter will be sent a warning notice, and if on subsequent inspection the score again falls below 70, or if at any time the score falls below 60, the license of said owner or lessee shall be revoked by the State board of health. Before the revocation of any license, the licensee shall have the privilege of appearing before the State board of health to show cause why his license should not be revoked.

Reg. 12. Posting regulations.—These regulations must be posted in a conspicuous place in every hotel.

## NORTH DAKOTA.

## Schools—Medical Examination of Pupils. (Act Feb. 12, 1915.)

1. That section 1346 of the Compiled Laws of 1913 be amended to read as follows: "1346. The board of any school corporation in this State may, and whenever petitioned by a majority of the persons having children attending the schools of the district shall, employ one or more physicians as medical inspectors of schools. It shall be the duty of the medical inspector to examine, at least once annually, all children enrolled in the public schools of the district, except those who present a certificate of health from a licensed physician, and to make out suitable records for each child, one copy of which shall be filed with the county or city superintendent of schools. Notice of physical defects of abnormal or diseased children shall be sent to the parents, with recommendations for the parents' guidance in conserving the child's health. The medical inspector shall cooperate with State, county, and township boards of health in dealing with contagious and infectious diseases and to secure medical treatment for indigent children. It shall be the duty of the county and city superintendents of schools to cooperate with school boards in promoting medical inspection. He may arrange schools by groups, especially in the rural districts, for the purpose of inspection, and shall advise school boards with a view to securing the most efficient and economical administration of this law. The school board or board of education shall furnish all branks and other needed supplies for this purpose."